Doping prevention — methods & analysis, trend of development



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agenda

Liquid chromatography – tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS)

- SARM
- Gene doping

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LC-MS/MS detection

- 1. AAS (e.g. Methyltrenbolone; "11 cases in 2008")
- 2. SARM
- Sector 3. PPARδ–agonists (e.g. GW1516) = gene doping
- 4. Peptide hormones (e.g. Gonadorelin = LHRH)
- in blood and in urine
- advantages: high resolution & precision

SARM selective androgen receptor modulators

- 1. "positive-tested" athlete
- in-competition
- Andarine (S4[™])/GTx
- test developped
 from Cologne-Lab
 (Prof. M. Thevis)
- first detection in
 10/09 in a sample
 with contamination



Bobby-Gaye Wilkins (r.): "AAF" in March 2010 (Indoor-WWC of Athletics in Doha)

SARM possible medical indications

- Tumor cachexia
- Sarcopenia
- unvolontary loss of muscle mass (immobilization)
- Anti-conception in male

SARM substances & producers

- GTx (Memphis/Tennessee)
- Merck Pharmaceuticals/USA
- Andarine (S4[™])
- Ostarine
- Non-industrial, possibly criminal production without low quality standards => cross-contamination, incalculable side-effects

SARM Andarine & Ostarine

- "SARM = side-effect free anabolic steroid" on web-site of GTx
- obviously severe side effects on vision with Andarine
- GTx & Merck stopped further development
- Ostarine (phase IIb closed)
- Nevertheless both on the black market via internet available

Gene doping classification of analysis

- 1. use of genetic modified substances ("gene-therapy"): e.g. Repoxygen
- 2. modification of gene activity (Expression): PPARδ–agonists like GW1516 + AICAR
- In future 3. (actually under 1): use of transfer-sequences (various RNA, e.g. siRNA = small interfering RNA)

Gene doping 1 new test

- Beiter T, Zimmermann M, Fragasso A, Hudemann J, Niess AM, Bitzer M, Lauer UM, Simon P. Direct and long-term detection of gene doping in conventional blood samples. Gene Ther. 2010 Sep 2, online, doi:10.1038/gt.2010.122
- Beiter T, Zimmermann M, Fragasso A, Armeanu S, Lauer UM, Bitzer M, Su H, Young WL, Niess AM, Simon P. Establishing a novel single-copy primer-internal intronspanning PCR (spiPCR) procedure for the direct detection

of gene doping. Exerc Immunol Rev. 2008;14:73-8

Gene doping 1 new test

- basic idea behind: detection of transgene DNA (tDNA) via lack of Introns (noncoding sequences) => class 1 in actual classification
- clear "Yes or No-answers"
- maybe available until 2012
- Support by WADA

Gene doping 2 test for GW1516

Thevis M, Beuck S, Thomas A, Kortner B, Kohler M, Rodchenkov G, Schänzer W.: Doping control analysis of emerging drugs in human plasma - identification of GW501516, S-107, JTV-519, and S-40503. Rapid Commun

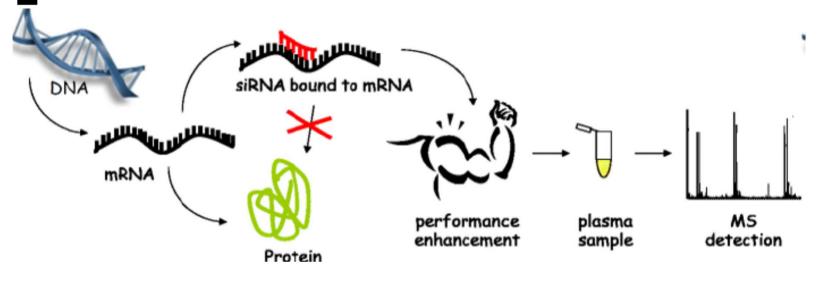
Mass Spectrom, 23(8) (2009)1139-46.

Thevis M, Möller I, Thomas A, Beuck S, Rodchenkov G, Bornatsch W, Geyer H, Schänzer W. Characterization of two major urinary metabolites of the PPARdelta-agonist GW1516 and implementation of the drug in routine doping controls Anal Bioanal Chem. 2010 Apr;396(7):2479-9.

Gene doping 2 test for AICAR

- Validation tests are necessary
- AICAR is produced in human beings too
- Thomas A, Beuck S, Eickhoff JC, Guddat S, Krug O, Kamber M, Schänzer W, Thevis M. Quantification of urinary AICAR concentrations as a matter of doping controls Anal Bioanal Chem 2010:2899-2908.

Gene doping 3 siRNA-test in future



siRNA, which blocks the translation of genes, could be used by athletes for illicit performance

enhancement by e.g. down-regulating the myostatin gene for enhanced muscle growth.

Kohler M, Thomas A, Walpurgis K, Schänzer W, Thevis M. Mass spectrometric detection of siRNA in plasma samples for doping control purposes.

Anal Bioanal Chem, 2010 Jul 25, online doi 10.10078/S00216-010-4013-0 D. Doerr 2010

Future of analysis in general

- actually almost only direct methods in use
- indirect methods to detect manipulated parameters as nonnatural
- to proof a violation of anti-doping rules
- court-resistant?

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